

Tier1 Access LLC - Robocall Mitigation Plan

This Robocall Mitigation Plan is submitted by Tier1 Access LLC pursuant to the provisions of 47 C.F.R. § 64.6305, adopted by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) which require all “voice service providers” to establish a “robocall mitigation plan”. This document sets forth the Provider’s current policies and procedures designed to reduce or eliminate outbound illegal robocalls originating on its network. The Provider views these policies and procedures as constituting “reasonable steps” to avoid the origination of illegal robocalls on its network and in addition to following these steps the Provider commits to responding to all traceback requests from the FCC, law enforcement, and the Industry Traceback Group (ITG), and to cooperate with such entities in investigating and stopping any illegal robocallers that may use its service to originate calls.

I. STIR-SHAKEN IMPLEMENTATION STATUS

Presently, the Provider relies on the continuing extension from STIR-SHAKEN implementation provided under 47 CFR § 64.6304 (d) which exempts from STIR-SHAKEN Caller ID Authentication. Provider does not own or control the network infrastructure to implement Stir-Shaken. This provider, as a reseller, does not have a STIR-SHAKEN implementation obligation.

The Provider’s contracted wholesaler, Level 3 aka Lumen, has fully implemented the STIR-SHAKEN authentication framework across its network and calls it originates for Provider are compliant with 47 CFR § 64.6301(a)(1) and (2). Further, the Provider and wholesaler have established the policies and procedures set forth in this Robocall Mitigation Plan which are intended to stop anyone from using the Provider’s service to originate illegal robocalls.

II. TRACEBACK REQUESTS

As noted above, the Provider and wholesaler will cooperate with the FCC, law enforcement and the (ITG) on all traceback requests and investigations. To allow for timely and comprehensive law enforcement response efforts against illegal robocallers, the Provider will dedicate sufficient resources to promptly complete and provide responses to all traceback requests received from the FCC, law enforcement and/or the ITG, and commits to fully responding to any traceback request received within 24 hours after receiving the same.

As part of its efforts to assist in the successful traceback of illegal robocalls, the Provider will going forward include within its carrier interconnection and/or service agreements language requiring traceback cooperation on any voice service calls exchanged. In part, these related contract provisions will specify the need for parties to promptly identify the upstream provider from which a suspected illegal robocall entered its network or the customer of the service from which the call originated.

III. *CUSTOMER VETTING PRACTICES*

As a means of preventing or minimizing the origination of illegal robocalls through its voice services, the Provider will use best practices in vetting the identity of all of its voice service subscribers, whether a retail or business/commercial subscriber (including any entities that are purchasing the Provider's services for resale). The subscriber vetting process is intended to help determine the legitimacy of a customer for the purpose of establishing a business relationship. Generally, the Provider looks to confirm the identity of customers using its voice services through collecting information such as physical customer location, contact person(s), state or country of incorporation, federal tax ID, and the nature of the customer's business. Provider efforts to vet retail and business/commercial subscribers occurs during the process of provisioning customer requested services (for example in appropriately sizing the facilities to their claimed intended use), executing the Provider's required service agreements, and granting the customer the right to use telephone number resources. Commercial end users, comprised of larger businesses with more complex service configurations, are generally recognized as presenting a higher risk of perpetrating illegal robocalls and thus those customers, at the Provider's discretion, may be subject to an additional review, including a more stringent background check and possibly a site visit. The Provider also understands the special importance of vetting any wholesale customers it may have.

Further, with respect to meeting existing obligations to take affirmative, effective measures to prevent new and renewing customers from originating illegal calls, the Provider:

Utilizes service agreements and acceptable use policies as a means of preventing its new and existing subscribers from using their voice and broadband services in ways that would be in violation of local, state, or federal laws, or to engage in deceptive or fraudulent activity. These documents governing use of Provider provided services include terms indicating specifically to all customers that their services should not be used for the purpose of making illegal robocalls, and the Provider reserves authority within its service agreements to suspend or terminate a subscriber's voice service for violating applicable service-related terms.

IV. TELEPHONE NUMBER VALIDATION PRACTICES

Telephone Number Validation refers to the confirmation of the customer or end-user right to use a telephone number in connection with their subscribed voice service(s). In accord with industry best practices, the Provider has procedures in place through its wholesaler, Level 3, to confirm the calling customer's right to use a telephone number. Specifically, a subscriber of the Provider's services is permitted to use a telephone number as their caller identity if a number is directly managed by Since and/or obtained by the Provider via an underlying partner. Further, for: (1) single line voice service subscribers, both services connected IP, the provider wholesaler equipment has been set up to only accept calls from the number assigned to that subscriber; and (2) subscribers with multi-line telephone systems, for both services connected via TDM or IP, the Provider screens all originating calls and only allows calls to be connected if the originating number matches one of the numbers assigned to the subscriber. These screening capabilities enable an automated and secure method of validating originating telephone numbers.

V. INTERNATIONAL CALL ORIGINATORS

The Provider is not currently an international voice services provider. If at any time the Provider does sell its services to customers which are international call originators using North American Numbering Plan resources, it will familiarize itself with and develop best practices for fulling vetting such customers and performing telephone number validation on all international originated calls.

VI. ONGOING ROBOCALL MITIGATION PRACTICES

The Provider monitors the usage of its network through its wholesale provider, Level 3 AKA Lumen. When network usage patterns consistent with illegal robocalls are detected or the Provider otherwise suspects illegal robocalling or spoofing is taking place on its network, it immediately seeks to identify the party that is originating, terminating, or routing these calls so that it may take appropriate action. The actions taken may include, but are not limited to: initiating a traceback investigation; verifying that the originating customer owns or is authorized to use the Caller ID number; determining whether the Caller ID name sent to a receiving party matches the customer's corporate name, trademark, or d/b/a name; terminating the party's ability to originate, terminate, or route calls on the Provider's network; and providing notice to law enforcement authorities.

As part of its Plan to mitigate and prevent any originating robocalls on its network, the Provider, through wholesaler, Level 3, is committed to early identification and investigation of possible robocalling situations. In monitoring usage of its network, particular attention is given to: (1) higher than normal subscriber traffic volume including large bursts of traffic in small timeframes or inconsistent volumes of traffic (spikes in usage); (2) originating calls of short duration and low call completion percentages; (3) originating calls with sequential called to number dialing patterns; (4) repeated calls made to do-not-call registry or invalid

numbers; and (5) calls to NPA-NXXs not assigned by the North American Numbering Plan Administrator.

VII. ADDITIONAL CERTIFICATION RELATED INFORMATION

Provider certifies that it has not, at any time in the prior two years, been the subject of a formal Commission, law enforcement, or regulatory agency action or investigation with accompanying findings of actual or suspected wrongdoing relating to claims of transmitting, encouraging, assisting or otherwise facilitating illegal robocalls or spoofing, or a deficient Robocall Mitigation Database certification or mitigation program description.

Provider also certifies that it has not been prohibited by the Commission from filing in the Robocall Mitigation Database and that none of its prior certifications submitted in the Robocall Mitigation Database have been removed by Commission action.